



RESPONSER

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Signal word: Warning

Hazard statements

- H302 Harmful if swallowed.
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- EUH208 Contains 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one, reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.
- EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

Precautionary statements

- P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
- P308 + P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor/ physician.
- P391 Collect spillage.
- P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation.

2.3 Other hazards

Cutaneous sensations may occur, such as burning or stinging on the face and mucosae. However, these sensations cause no lesions and are of a transitory nature (max. 24 hours).

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature

Suspension concentrate (=flowable concentrate)(SC)
Beta-Cyfluthrin 25 g/l

Hazardous components

Hazard statements according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Name	CAS-No. / EC-No. / REACH Reg. No.	Classification	Conc. [%]
		REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008	
Beta-Cyfluthrin	1820573-27-0	Acute Tox. 2, H300, H330 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	2.38
Alkylarylpolyglycol ether	104376-75-2	Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	> 1 – < 25
1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5 01-2120761540-60-0003	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315	> 0.005 – < 0.05
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-	55965-84-9	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Skin Corr. 1B, H314	> 0.0002 – < 0.0015

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2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC 220-239-6] (3:1)		Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	
Synthetic amorphous silica	112926-00-8 01-2119379499-16-xxxx	Not classified	> 1
Glycerine	56-81-5 01-2119471987-18-XXXX	Not classified	> 1

Further information

Beta-Cyfluthrin	1820573-27-0	M-Factor: 10,000 (acute)
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	M-Factor: 1 (acute), 1 (chronic)

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**4.1 Description of first aid measures**

General advice	Move out of dangerous area. Place and transport victim in stable position (lying sideways). Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
Skin contact	Wash off thoroughly with plenty of soap and water, if available with polyethyleneglycol 400, subsequently rinse with water. Warm water may increase the subjective severity of the irritation/paresthesia. This is not a sign of systemic poisoning. In case of skin irritation, application of oils or lotions containing vitamin E may be considered. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Warm water may increase the subjective severity of the irritation/paresthesia. This is not a sign of systemic poisoning. Apply soothing eye drops, if needed anaesthetic eye drops. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Rinse out mouth and give water in small sips to drink. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms	Local:, Skin and eye paraesthesia which may be severe, Usually transient with resolution within 24 hours, Skin, eye and mucous membrane irritation, Cough, Sneezing
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Systemic: discomfort in the chest, tachycardia, Hypotension, Nausea, Abdominal pain, Diarrhoea, Vomiting, Blurred vision, Headache, Anorexia, Somnolence, Coma, Convulsions, Tremors, Prostration, Airway hyperreaction, Pulmonary oedema, Palpitation, Muscular fasciculation, Apathy, Dizziness

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Risks	This product contains a pyrethroid. Pyrethroid poisoning should not be confused with carbamate or organophosphate poisoning.
Treatment	Systemic treatment: Initial treatment: symptomatic. Monitor: respiratory and cardiac functions. In case of ingestion gastric lavage should be considered in cases of significant ingestions only within the first 2 hours. However, the application of activated charcoal and sodium sulphate is always advisable. Keep respiratory tract clear. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. In case of convulsions, a benzodiazepine (e.g. diazepam) should be given according to standard regimens. If not effective, phenobarbital may be used. Contraindication: atropine. Contraindication: derivatives of adrenaline. There is no specific antidote. Recovery is spontaneous and without sequelae. In case of skin irritation, application of oils or lotions containing vitamin E may be considered.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable	Water spray, Carbon dioxide (CO ₂), Foam, Sand
Hazchem Code	3Z

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	In the event of fire the following may be released: Carbon monoxide (CO)
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5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters	In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Further information	Contain the spread of the fire-fighting media. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Precautions	Avoid contact with spilled product or contaminated surfaces. Use personal protective equipment.
6.2 Environmental precautions	Do not allow to get into surface water, drains and ground water.

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Methods for cleaning up Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Clean contaminated floors and objects thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Information regarding safe handling, see section 7.
Information regarding personal protective equipment, see section 8.
Information regarding waste disposal, see section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**7.1 Precautions for safe handling**

Advice on safe handling Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation.

Hygiene measures Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep working clothes separately. Wash hands immediately after work, if necessary take a shower. Remove soiled clothing immediately and clean thoroughly before using again. Garments that cannot be cleaned must be destroyed (burnt).

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers Store in original container. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store in a place accessible by authorized persons only. Keep away from direct sunlight.

Advice on common storage Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Suitable materials HDPE (high density polyethylene)

7.3 Specific end use(s) Refer to the label and/or leaflet.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**8.1 Control parameters**

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Update	Basis
Beta-Cyfluthrin	1820573-27-0	0.01 mg/m ³ (TWA)		OES BCS*
Synthetic amorphous silica (Total dust.)	112926-00-8	10 mg/m ³ (TWA)	2001	IN OEL

*OES BCS: Internal Bayer AG, Crop Science Division "Occupational Exposure Standard"

8.2 Exposure controls**Personal protective equipment**

In normal use and handling conditions please refer to the label and/or leaflet. In all other cases the following recommendations would apply.

Respiratory protection Respiratory protection is not required under anticipated circumstances of exposure.
Respiratory protection should only be used to control residual risk of

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short duration activities, when all reasonably practicable steps have been taken to reduce exposure at source e.g. containment and/or local extract ventilation. Always follow respirator manufacturer's instructions regarding wearing and maintenance.

Hand protection

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.

Wash gloves when contaminated. Dispose of when contaminated inside, when perforated or when contamination on the outside cannot be removed. Wash hands frequently and always before eating, drinking, smoking or using the toilet.

Material	Nitrile rubber
Rate of permeability	> 480 min
Glove thickness	> 0.4 mm
Protective index	Class 6
Directive	Protective gloves complying with EN 374.

Eye protection

Wear goggles (conforming to EN166, Field of Use = 5 or equivalent).

Skin and body protection

Wear standard coveralls and Category 3 Type 6 suit.
If there is a risk of significant exposure, consider a higher protective type suit.

Wear two layers of clothing wherever possible. Polyester/cotton or cotton overalls should be worn under chemical protection suit and should be professionally laundered frequently.

If chemical protection suit is splashed, sprayed or significantly contaminated, decontaminate as far as possible, then carefully remove and dispose of as advised by manufacturer.

General protective measures

If product is handled while not enclosed, and if contact may occur: Complete suit protecting against chemicals

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Form	suspension
Colour	white to light beige
Odour	weak, characteristic
pH	4.0 - 5.0 (100 %) (23 °C)
Flash point	>100 °C
Density	ca. 1.05 g/cm ³ (20 °C)
Water solubility	miscible
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Beta-Cyfluthrin: log Pow: 6.18 (22 °C)
Viscosity, dynamic	600.0 - 1,000.0 mPa.s (20 °C)



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9.2 Other information Further safety related physical-chemical data are not known.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Thermal decomposition Stable under normal conditions.

10.2 Chemical stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions No hazardous reactions when stored and handled according to prescribed instructions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

10.5 Incompatible materials Store only in the original container.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products No decomposition products expected under normal conditions of use.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute oral toxicity LD50 (Rat) 1,600 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity LC50 (Rat) > 0.777 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Determined in the form of a respirable aerosol.
Highest attainable concentration.

Acute dermal toxicity LD50 (Rat) > 5,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation No skin irritation (Rabbit)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation No eye irritation (Rabbit)

Respiratory or skin sensitisation Skin: Non-sensitizing. (Guinea pig)
OECD Test Guideline 406, Buehler test

Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure

Beta-Cyfluthrin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure

The toxic effects of Beta-Cyfluthrin are related to transient hyperactivity typical for pyrethroid neurotoxicity.

Assessment mutagenicity

Beta-Cyfluthrin was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Assessment carcinogenicity

Beta-Cyfluthrin was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

Assessment toxicity to reproduction

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Beta-Cyfluthrin caused reproduction toxicity in a two-generation study in rats only at dose levels also toxic to the parent animals. The reproduction toxicity seen with Beta-Cyfluthrin is related to parental toxicity.

Assessment developmental toxicity

Beta-Cyfluthrin caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. The developmental effects seen with Beta-Cyfluthrin are related to maternal toxicity.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**12.1 Toxicity**

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)) 0.000068 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient.

Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) 0.00029 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient.

Toxicity to aquatic plants IC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)) > 0.01 mg/l
Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h
The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient.
No acute toxicity was observed at its limit of water solubility.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability Beta-Cyfluthrin:
Not rapidly biodegradable

Koc Beta-Cyfluthrin: Koc: 508 - 3179

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation Beta-Cyfluthrin: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 506
Does not bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Mobility in soil Beta-Cyfluthrin: Immobile in soil

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT and vPvB assessment Beta-Cyfluthrin: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6 Other adverse effects

Additional ecological information No other effects to be mentioned.



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SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product In accordance with current regulations and, if necessary, after consultation with the site operator and/or with the responsible authority, the product may be taken to a waste disposal site or incineration plant.

Contaminated packaging Not completely emptied packagings should be disposed of as hazardous waste.

Legal basis

Waste key in accordance with Schedule I of the Hazardous Waste Rules, 2008 as amended (India - EP Act):

- 29.1 Process wastes/residues
- 29.3 Date-expired and off-specification pesticides

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADR/RID/ADN

14.1 UN number	3082
14.2 Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (BETA-CYFLUTHRIN SOLUTION)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packaging Group	III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark	YES
Hazard no.	90
Hazchem Code	3Z

This classification is in principle not valid for carriage by tank vessel on inland waterways. Please refer to the manufacturer for further information.

IMDG

14.1 UN number	3082
14.2 Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (BETA-CYFLUTHRIN SOLUTION)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packaging Group	III
14.5 Marine pollutant	YES

IATA

14.1 UN number	3082
14.2 Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (BETA-CYFLUTHRIN SOLUTION)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packaging Group	III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark	YES

14.6 Special precautions for user



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See sections 6 to 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

No transport in bulk according to the IBC Code.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Further information

WHO-classification: II (Moderately hazardous)

Labeling according to Insecticide Rules 1971 as amended. (INDIA)



Class II: Highly toxic
Colour: bright yellow
Poison!
Keep out of the reach of children.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Text of the hazard statements mentioned in Section 3

H300	Fatal if swallowed.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE	Acute toxicity estimate
CAS-Nr.	Chemical Abstracts Service number
Conc.	Concentration
EC-No.	European community number
ECx	Effective concentration to x %
EINECS	European inventory of existing commercial substances
ELINCS	European list of notified chemical substances
EN	European Standard

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EU	European Union
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IBC	International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk (IBC Code)
ICx	Inhibition concentration to x %
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LCx	Lethal concentration to x %
LDx	Lethal dose to x %
LOEC/LOEL	Lowest observed effect concentration/level
MARPOL	MARPOL: International Convention for the prevention of marine pollution from ships
N.O.S.	Not otherwise specified
NOEC/NOEL	No observed effect concentration/level
OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
RID	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
TWA	Time weighted average
UN	United Nations
WHO	World health organisation

The information contained within this Safety Data Sheet is in accordance with the guidelines established by Regulation (EU) 1907/2006 and Regulation (EU) 2015/830 amending Regulation (EU) No 1907/2006 and any subsequent amendments. This data sheet complements the user's instructions, but does not replace them. The information it contains is based on the knowledge available about the product concerned at the time it was compiled. Users are further reminded of the possible risks of using a product for purposes other than those for which it was intended. The required information complies with current EEC legislation. Addressees are requested to observe any additional national requirements.

Reason for Revision: The following sections have been revised: Section 2: Hazards Identification. Section 3: Composition / Information on Ingredients.

Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.